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The Version Date for this MSDS is: 01/27/2003

PRODUCT NAME:
BORAX DECAHYDRATE

MSDS #: BXBX

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET
DATE OF ISSUE MAY 2000
SUPERSEDES NOVEMBER 1999 VERSION
BORAX DECAHYDRATE

1 CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: BORAX

GRADE: TECHNICAL, NF, SQ

PRODUCT USE: INDUSTRIAL MANUFACTURING

CHEMICAL FORMULA: NA2B407~10H20

CHEMICAL NAME/SYNONYMS: SODIUM TETRABORATE

DECAHYDRATE, DISODIUM
TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE, BORAX
DECAHYDRATE, BORAX 10 MOL
CHEMICAL FAMILY: INORGANIC BORATES

CAS REGISTRY NUMBER: 1303-96-4

(REFER TO SECTION 15 FOR TSCA/DSL CHEMICAL INVENTORY LISTING)

MANUFACTURER:

U.S. BORAX INC. 26877 TOURNEY ROAD

VALENCIA, CA 91355-1847

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS
24 HR. MEDICAL INFO. SERVICE: (661) 284-5200
CHEMTREC (SPILLS): (800) 424-9300

2 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS GREATER THAN 99 PERCENT (%) SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE, NA2B407~10H2O, WHICH IS HAZARDOUS UNDER THE OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD AND UNDER THE CANADIAN CONTROLLED PRODUCTS REGULATIONS OF THE HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS ACT (WHMIS), BASED ON ANIMAL CHRONIC TOXICITY STUDIES. REFER TO SECTIONS 3 AND 11 FOR DETAILS ON HAZARDS.

3 HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW BORAX IS A WHITE, ODORLESS, POWDERED SUBSTANCE THAT IS NOT FLAMMABLE, COMBUSTIBLE, OR EXPLOSIVE AND HAS LOW ACUTE ORAL AND DERMAL TOXICITY.

POTENTIAL ECOLOGICAL EFFECTS

LARGE AMOUNTS OF BORAX CAN BE HARMFUL TO PLANTS AND OTHER SPECIES. THEREFORE, RELEASES TO THE ENVIRONMENT SHOULD BE MINIMIZED.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: INHALATION IS THE MOST SIGNIFICANT ROUTE OF EXPOSURE IN OCCUPATIONAL AND OTHER SETTINGS. DERMAL EXPOSURE IS NOT USUALLY A CONCERN BECAUSE BORAX IS POORLY ABSORBED THROUGH INTACT SKIN.

INHALATION: OCCASIONAL MILD IRRITATION EFFECTS TO NOSE AND THROAT MAY OCCUR FROM INHALATION OF BORAX DUST AT LEVELS GREATER THAN 10 MG/M3.

EYE CONTACT: BORAX IS NON-IRRITATING TO EYES IN NORMAL INDUSTRIAL USE. SKIN CONTACT: BORAX DOES NOT CAUSE IRRITATION TO INTACT SKIN. INGESTION: PRODUCTS CONTAINING BORAX ARE NOT INTENDED FOR INGESTION. BORAX HAS A LOW ACUTE TOXICITY. SMALL AMOUNTS (E.G., A TEASPOONFUL) SWALLOWED ACCIDENTALLY ARE NOT LIKELY TO CAUSE EFFECTS; SWALLOWING AMOUNTS LARGER THAN THAT MAY CAUSE GASTROINTESTINAL SYMPTOMS.

CANCER: BORAX IS NOT A KNOWN CARCINOGEN.

REPRODUCTIVE/DEVELOPMENTAL: ANIMAL INGESTION STUDIES IN SEVERAL SPECIES, AT HIGH DOSES, INDICATE THAT BORATES CAUSE REPRODUCTIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS. A HUMAN STUDY OF OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE TO BORATE DUST SHOWED NO ADVERSE EFFECT ON REPRODUCTION.

TARGET ORGANS: NO TARGET ORGAN HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED IN HUMANS. HIGH DOSE ANIMAL INGESTION STUDIES INDICATE THE TESTES ARE THE TARGET ORGANS IN MALE ANIMALS.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE: SYMPTOMS OF ACCIDENTAL OVER-EXPOSURE TO BORAX MIGHT INCLUDE NAUSEA, VOMITING AND DIARRHEA, WITH DELAYED EFFECTS OF SKIN REDNESS AND PEELING. THESE SYMPTOMS HAVE BEEN ASSOCIATED WITH THE ACCIDENTAL OVER-EXPOSURE TO THE CHEMICALLY RELATED SUBSTANCE BORIC ACID.

REFER TO SECTION 11 FOR DETAILS ON TOXICOLOGICAL DATA.

4 FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: IF SYMPTOMS SUCH AS NOSE OR THROAT IRRITATION ARE OBSERVED, REMOVE PERSON TO FRESH AIR.

EYE CONTACT: USE EYE WASH FOUNTAIN OR FRESH WATER TO CLEANSE EYE. IF IRRITATION PERSISTS FOR MORE THAN 30 MINUTES, SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION.

SKIN CONTACT: NO TREATMENT NECESSARY BECAUSE NON-IRRITATING. INGESTION: SWALLOWING SMALL QUANTITIES (ONE TEASPOON) WILL CAUSE NO HARM TO HEALTHY ADULTS. IF LARGER AMOUNTS ARE SWALLOWED, GIVE TWO GLASSES OF WATER TO DRINK AND SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION. NOTE TO PHYSICIANS: OBSERVATION ONLY IS REQUIRED FOR ADULT

INGESTION IN THE RANGE OF 4-8 GRAMS OF BORAX. FOR INGESTION OF LARGER AMOUNTS, MAINTAIN ADEQUATE KIDNEY FUNCTION AND FORCE FLUIDS. GASTRIC LAVAGE IS RECOMMENDED FOR SYMPTOMATIC PATIENTS ONLY. HEMODIALYSIS SHOULD BE RESERVED FOR MASSIVE ACUTE INGESTION OR PATIENTS WITH RENAL FAILURE. BORON ANALYSES OF URINE OR BLOOD ARE ONLY USEFUL FOR DOCUMENTING EXPOSURE AND SHOULD NOT BE USED TO EVALUATE SEVERITY OF POISONING OR TO GUIDE TREATMENT1. REFER TO SECTION 11 FOR DETAILS.

5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

GENERAL HAZARD: NONE, BECAUSE BORAX IS NOT FLAMMABLE, COMBUSTIBLE OR EXPLOSIVE. THE PRODUCT IS ITSELF A FLAME RETARDANT.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: ANY FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA MAY BE USED ON NEARBY FIRES.

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION (29 CFR 1910.1200): NON-FLAMMABLE SOLID.

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

GENERAL: BORAX IS A WATER-SOLUBLE WHITE POWDER THAT MAY, AT HIGH CONCENTRATIONS, CAUSE DAMAGE TO TREES OR VEGETATION BY ROOT ABSORPTION. (REFER TO ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION, SECTION 12, FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION.)

LAND SPILL: VACUUM, SHOVEL OR SWEEP UP BORAX AND PLACE IN CONTAINERS FOR DISPOSAL IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE LOCAL REGULATIONS. AVOID CONTAMINATION OF WATER BODIES DURING CLEANUP AND DISPOSAL. NO PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT IS NEEDED TO CLEANUP LAND SPILLS.

SPILLAGE INTO WATER: WHERE POSSIBLE, REMOVE ANY INTACT CONTAINERS FROM THE WATER. ADVISE LOCAL WATER AUTHORITY THAT NONE OF THE AFFECTED WATER SHOULD BE USED FOR IRRIGATION OR FOR THE ABSTRACTION OF POTABLE WATER UNTIL NATURAL DILUTION RETURNS THE BORON VALUE TO ITS NORMAL ENVIRONMENTAL BACKGROUND LEVEL. (REFER TO SECTIONS 12, 13 AND 15 FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.) BORAX IS A NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE WHEN SPILLED OR DISPOSED OF, AS DEFINED IN THE RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT (RCRA) REGULATIONS (40 CFR 261). (REFER TO REGULATORY INFORMATION, SECTION 15, FOR ADDITIONAL REFERENCES.)

7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

GENERAL: NO SPECIAL HANDLING PRECAUTIONS ARE REQUIRED, BUT DRY, INDOOR STORAGE IS RECOMMENDED. TO MAINTAIN PACKAGE INTEGRITY AND TO MINIMIZE CAKING OF THE PRODUCT, BAGS SHOULD BE HANDLED ON A FIRST-IN, FIRST-OUT BASIS. GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PROCEDURES SHOULD BE FOLLOWED TO MINIMIZE DUST GENERATION AND ACCUMULATION.

STORAGE TEMPERATURE: AMBIENT STORAGE PRESSURE: ATMOSPHERIC

SPECIAL SENSITIVITY: MOISTURE (CAKING)

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: USE LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION TO KEEP AIRBORNE CONCENTRATIONS OF BORAX DUST BELOW PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LEVELS.

PERSONAL PROTECTION: WHERE AIRBORNE CONCENTRATIONS ARE EXPECTED TO EXCEED EXPOSURE LIMITS, NIOSH/MSHA CERTIFIED

RESPIRATORS SHOULD BE USED. EYE GOGGLES AND GLOVES ARE NOT REQUIRED FOR NORMAL INDUSTRIAL EXPOSURES, BUT MAY BE WARRANTED IF ENVIRONMENT IS EXCESSIVELY DUSTY.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS: SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE (BORAX) IS REGULATED BY OSHA, CAL OSHA AND ACGIH. THE OSHA/PEL (PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LEVEL) IS 10 MG/M3 TOTAL DUST. THE CAL OSHA/PEL IS 5 MG/M3. THE ACGIH/TLV (THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE) IS 5 MG/M3.

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE: WHITE, ODORLESS, CRYSTALLINE SOLID

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.71

VAPOR PRESSURE: NEGLIGIBLE @ 20°C

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: 4.71% @ 20°C; 65.64% @ 100°C MELTING POINT: 62°C (144°F) (HEATED IN CLOSED SPACE)

PH @ 20°C: 9.3 (0.1% SOLUTION); 9.2 (1.0%

SOLUTION); 9.3 (4.7% SOLUTION)

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 381.37

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

GENERAL: BORAX IS A STABLE PRODUCT, BUT WHEN HEATED IT LOSES WATER, EVENTUALLY FORMING ANHYDROUS BORAX (NA2B4O7). INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID: REACTION WITH STRONG REDUCING AGENTS, SUCH AS METAL HYDRIDES OR ALKALI METALS, WILL GENERATE HYDROGEN GAS, WHICH COULD CREATE AN EXPLOSIVE HAZARD.

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: NONE.

ACUTE TOXICITY INGESTION: LOW ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY; LD50 IN RATS IS 4,500 TO 15,000 MG/KG OF BODY WEIGHT.

SKIN/DERMAL: LOW ACUTE DERMAL TOXICITY; LD50 IN RABBITS IS GREATER THAN 10,000 MG/KG OF BODY WEIGHT. BORAX IS POORLY ABSORBED THROUGH INTACT SKIN.

INHALATION: LOW ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY; LC50 IN RATS IS GREATER THAN 2.0 MG/L (OR G/M3).

SKIN IRRITATION: NON-IRRITANT.

EYE IRRITATION: DRAIZE TEST IN RABBITS PRODUCED EYE IRRITATION EFFECTS. FIFTY YEARS OF OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE TO BORAX INDICATES NO ADVERSE EFFECTS ON HUMAN EYE. THEREFORE, BORAX IS NOT CONSIDERED TO BE A HUMAN EYE IRRITANT IN NORMAL INDUSTRIAL USE. SENSITIZATION: BORAX IS NOT A SKIN SENSITIZER. OTHER

REPRODUCTIVE/DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY: ANIMAL FEEDING STUDIES IN RAT, MOUSE AND DOG, AT HIGH DOSES, HAVE DEMONSTRATED EFFECTS ON FERTILITY AND TESTES2. STUDIES WITH THE CHEMICALLY RELATED BORIC ACID IN THE RAT, MOUSE AND RABBIT, AT HIGH DOSES, DEMONSTRATE DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS ON THE FETUS, INCLUDING FETAL WEIGHT LOSS AND MINOR SKELETAL VARIATIONS3, 4. THE DOSES ADMINISTERED WERE MANY TIMES IN EXCESS OF THOSE TO WHICH HUMANS WOULD NORMALLY BE EXPOSED5.

HUMANS WOULD NORMALLY BE EXPOSED5.

CARCINOGENICITY/MUTAGENICITY: NO EVIDENCE OF

CARCINOGENICITY IN MICE6. NO MUTAGENIC ACTIVITY WAS OBSERVED

FOR BORIC ACID IN A BATTERY OF SHORT-TERM MUTAGENICITY ASSAYS.

HUMAN DATA: HUMAN EPIDEMIOLOGICAL STUDIES SHOW NO

INCREASE IN PULMONARY DISEASE IN OCCUPATIONAL POPULATIONS WITH

CHRONIC EXPOSURES TO BORIC ACID DUST AND SODIUM BORATE DUST. A

RECENT EPIDEMIOLOGY STUDY UNDER THE CONDITIONS OF NORMAL

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE TO BORATE DUSTS INDICATED NO EFFECT ON FERTILITY7.

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY DATA

GENERAL: BORON (B) IS THE ELEMENT IN SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE (BORAX) WHICH IS USED BY CONVENTION TO REPORT BORATE PRODUCT ECOLOGICAL EFFECTS. IT OCCURS NATURALLY IN SEAWATER AT AN AVERAGE CONCENTRATION OF 5 MG B/L AND GENERALLY OCCURS IN FRESH WATER AT CONCENTRATIONS UP TO 1 MG B/L. IN DILUTE AQUEOUS SOLUTIONS THE PREDOMINANT BORON SPECIES PRESENT IS UNDISSOCIATED BORIC ACID. TO CONVERT SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE INTO THE EQUIVALENT BORON (B) CONTENT, MULTIPLY BY 0.1134.

PHYTOTOXICITY: BORON IS AN ESSENTIAL MICRONUTRIENT FOR HEALTHY GROWTH OF PLANTS; HOWEVER, IT CAN BE HARMFUL TO BORON SENSITIVE PLANTS IN HIGH QUANTITIES. CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO MINIMIZE THE AMOUNT OF BORAX RELEASED TO THE ENVIRONMENT.

ALGAL TOXICITY:

GREEN ALGAE, SCENEDESMUS SUBSPICATUS

96-HR EC10 = 24 MG B/L*

INVERTEBRATE TOXICITY8:

DAPHNIDS, DAPHNIA MAGNA STRAUS

24-HR EC50 = 242 MG B/L*

TEST SUBSTANCE: *SODIUM TETRABORATE

FISH TOXICITY:

SEA-WATER9:

DAB, LIMANDA LIMANDA

96-HR LC50 = 74 MG B/L*

FRESH WATER10:

RAINBOW TROUT, S. GAIRDNERI (EMBRYO-LARVAL STAGE)

24-DAY LC50 = 88 MG B/L*

32-DAY LC50 = 54 MG B/L*

GOLDFISH, CARASSIUS AURATUS (EMBRYO-LARVAL STAGE)

7-DAY LC50 = 65 MG B/L*

3-DAY LC50 = 71 MG B/L*

ENVIRONMENTAL FATE DATA

PERSISTENCE/DEGRADATION: BORON IS NATURALLY OCCURRING AND UBIQUITOUS IN THE ENVIRONMENT. BORAX DECOMPOSES IN THE ENVIRONMENT TO NATURAL BORATE.

OCTANOL/WATER PARTITION COEFFICIENT: NO VALUE. IN AQUEOUS SOLUTION SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE IS CONVERTED SUBSTANTIALLY INTO UNDISSOCIATED BORIC ACID.

SOIL MOBILITY: BORAX IS SOLUBLE IN WATER AND IS LEACHABLE THROUGH NORMAL SOIL.

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL GUIDANCE: SMALL QUANTITIES OF BORAX CAN USUALLY BE DISPOSED OF AT LANDFILL SITES. NO SPECIAL DISPOSAL TREATMENT IS REQUIRED, BUT LOCAL AUTHORITIES SHOULD BE CONSULTED ABOUT ANY SPECIFIC LOCAL REQUIREMENTS. TONNAGE QUANTITIES OF PRODUCT ARE NOT RECOMMENDED TO BE SENT TO LANDFILLS. SUCH PRODUCT SHOULD, IF POSSIBLE, BE USED FOR AN APPROPRIATE APPLICATION.

RCRA (40 CFR 261): BORAX IS NOT LISTED UNDER ANY SECTIONS OF THE FEDERAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT

NPRI (CANADA): BORAX IS NOT LISTED ON THE CANADIAN NATIONAL POLLUTANT RELEASE INVENTORY.

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT HAZARDOUS CLASSIFICATION: SODIUM TETRABORATE
DECAHYDRATE (BORAX) IS NOT REGULATED BY THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
TRANSPORTATION (DOT) AND IS THEREFORE NOT CONSIDERED A
HAZARDOUS MATERIAL/SUBSTANCE.
TDG CANADIAN TRANSPORTATION: SODIUM TETRABORATE
DECAHYDRATE (BORAX) IS NOT REGULATED UNDER TRANSPORTATION OF
DANGEROUS GOODS (TDG). INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORTATION:
SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE (BORAX) HAS NO UN NUMBER,
AND IS NOT REGULATED UNDER INTERNATIONAL RAIL, ROAD, WATER OR AIR
TRANSPORT REGULATIONS.

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

SECTION 304 OF THE CWA, 33 USC 1314.

SUBSTANCES, 33 USC 1321, 40 CFR 116.

33 USC 1317, 40 CFR 129.

OSHA/CAL OSHA: THIS MSDS DOCUMENT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS OF BOTH OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200) AND CAL OSHA (TITLE 8 CCR 5194 (G)) HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARDS. REFER TO SECTION 8 FOR REGULATORY EXPOSURE LIMITS. WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE (BORAX) IS CLASSIFIED AS CLASS D- DIVISION 2A UNDER CANADIAN WHMIS GUIDELINES. CHEMICAL INVENTORY LISTING: SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE (BORAX), 1303-96-4, APPEARS ON SEVERAL CHEMICAL INVENTORY LISTS (INCLUDING THE EPA TSCA INVENTORY, CANADIAN DSL, EUROPEAN EINECS, JAPANESE MITI, AUSTRALIAN AND KOREAN LISTS) UNDER THE CAS NO. REPRESENTING THIS INORGANIC SALT. U.S. EPA TSCA INVENTORY 1303-96-4 CANADIAN DSL 1303-96-4 EINECS 215-540-4 SOUTH KOREA 9212-848 JAPANESE MITI (1)-69 RCRA: SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE IS NOT LISTED AS A HAZARDOUS WASTE UNDER ANY SECTIONS OF THE RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT (RCRA) OR REGULATIONS (40 CFR 261 ET SEO). SUPERFUND: CERCLA/SARA. SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE IS NOT LISTED UNDER CERCLA OR ITS 1986 AMENDMENTS, SARA, INCLUDING SUBSTANCES LISTED UNDER SECTION 313 OF SARA, TOXIC CHEMICALS, 42 USC 11023, 40 CFR 372.65, SECTION 302 OF SARA, EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES, 42 USC 11002, 40 CFR 355, OR THE CERCLA HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES LIST, 42 USC 9604, 40 CFR 302. SAFE DRINKING WATER ACT (SDWA): SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE IS NOT REGULATED UNDER THE SDWA, 42 USC 300G-1, 40 CFR 141 ET SEQ. CONSULT STATE AND LOCAL REGULATIONS FOR POSSIBLE WATER QUALITY ADVISORIES REGARDING BORON COMPOUNDS. CLEAN WATER ACT (CWA) (FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT): 33 USC 1251 ET SEQ. A) SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE (BORAX) IS NOT ITSELF A DISCHARGE COVERED BY ANY WATER QUALITY CRITERIA OF

B) IT IS NOT ON THE SECTION 307 LIST OF PRIORITY POLLUTANTS,

C) IT IS NOT ON THE SECTION 311 LIST OF HAZARDOUS

MAXIMUM ACCEPTABLE CONCENTRATION" (IMAC) FOR BORON IS

CANADIAN DRINKING WATER GUIDELINE: AN "INTERIM

CURRENTLY SET AT 5 MG B/L.

IARC: THE INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER (IARC) (A UNIT OF THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION) DOES NOT LIST OR CATEGORIZE SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE AS A CARCINOGEN. NTP BIENNIAL REPORT ON CARCINOGENS: SODIUM

TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE IS NOT LISTED.

OSHA CARCINOGEN: SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE IS NOT LISTED.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: SODIUM TETRABORATE DECAHYDRATE (BORAX) IS NOT LISTED ON THE PROPOSITION 65 LIST OF CARCINOGENS OR REPRODUCTIVE TOXICANTS.

FEDERAL FOOD, DRUG AND COSMETIC ACT: PURSUANT TO 21 CFR 175.105, 176.180 AND 181.30, BORAX IS APPROVED BY THE FDA FOR USE IN ADHESIVE COMPONENTS OF PACKAGING MATERIALS, AS A COMPONENT OF PAPER COATINGS ON SUCH MATERIALS, OR FOR USE IN THE MANUFACTURE THEREOF, WHICH MATERIALS ARE EXPECTED TO COME IN CONTACT WITH DRY FOOD PRODUCTS.

CLEAN AIR ACT (MONTREAL PROTOCOL): BORAX WAS NOT MANUFACTURED WITH AND DOES NOT CONTAIN ANY CLASS I OR CLASS II OZONE DEPLETING SUBSTANCES.

16 OTHER INFORMATION

REFERENCES

- 1) LITOVITZ T L, NORMAN S A, VELTRI J C, ANNUAL REPORT OF THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF POISON CONTROL CENTERS DATA COLLECTION SYSTEM. AM. J. EMERG. MED. 4: 427-458 (1986).
- 2) WEIR R J, FISHER R S, TOXICOL. APPL. PHARMACOL. 23: 351-364 (1972).
- 3) FAIL ET AL., FUND. APPL. TOXICOL. 17: 225-239 (1991).
- 4) PRICE ET AL., J. AM. COLL. TOXICOL. 14: (2), 173 (ABST. P-17) (1995).
- 5) MURRAY F J, REGUL. TOXICOL. PHARMACOL. (DEC. 1995).
- 6) NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM (NTP)-TOXICOLOGY AND CARCINOGENESIS STUDIES OF BORIC ACID IN B6C3F1 MICE, TECH. REPORT SER. NO. 324, U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES. NIH PUBL. NO. 88-2580 (1987).
- 7) WHORTON ET AL., OCCUP. ENVIRON. MED. 51: 761-767 (1994).
- 8) SCHOBERL ET AL., TENSIDE SURFACTANTS DETERGENTS 25: 99-107 (1988).
- 9) HUGMAN S J, MANCE G, WATER RESEARCH CENTRE REPORT 616-M (1983).
- 10) BUTTERWICK L, DE OUDE N, RAYMOND K, ECOTOXICOL. ENVIRON. SAFETY 17: 339-371 (1989).
- FOR GENERAL INFORMATION ON THE TOXICOLOGY OF INORGANIC BORATES, SEE PATTY'S INDUSTRIAL HYGIENE AND TOXICOLOGY, 4TH ED. VOL. II, (1994), CHAP. 42, BORON; ECETOC TECH. REPORT NO. 63 (1995). PRODUCT LABEL TEXT HAZARD INFORMATION*:
- -DO NOT INGEST.
- -INGESTION MAY CAUSE REPRODUCTIVE HARM OR BIRTH DEFECTS BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. -AVOID CONTAMINATION OF FOOD OR FEED.
- -NOT FOR USE IN FOOD, DRUGS OR PESTICIDES+.
- -REFER TO MSDS.
- -KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- *THE WHMIS PANEL FORMAT IS USED FOR CANADIAN PRODUCT.
- +EXCEPT FOR NF (PHARMACEUTICAL GRADE) PRODUCTS.
- NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOC. (NFPA) CLASSIFICATION:

HEALTH 0

FLAMMABILITY 0 REACTIVITY 0

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INFORMATION SYSTEMS (HMIS):

RED: (FLAMMABILITY) 0
YELLOW: (REACTIVITY)

BLUE: (ACUTE HEALTH) 1*
*CHRONIC EFFECTS

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

U.S. BORAX INC.
OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH & PRODUCT SAFETY DEPARTMENT
(661) 287-6050

For Additional Information:

Contact: MSDS Coordinator - Univar USA

During business hours, Pacific Time - (425) 889-3400

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